



287-A, Mata Road, Sector-12A, Near Dada Singha Chowk, Gurugram - 122 001 (Haryana)



REQUESTION LETTER

TO REBIRTH CARE TRUST

Sub - Help the poor Baby. Anjali (IP-573/23)

Respected Sir/Mam,

This is to certify that Baby. Anjali (IP-573/23) is being treated at Shiva Hospital since 29/09/2023 at 07:10PM. The expected stay of baby is for next 8 to 10 days.

Parents are poor & Unable to bare the expanses.

Expected expanses are Rs. 100,000/- to 120,000/-

Please help the poor baby financially and oblige them . That shall be a great help for

the parents.

Thanks & Regards Dr. Anurag Sobhari

Head ICU SHIVA HOSPITAL Shiva Hospitaload, Sector 12A, Mala Road, Sector 12A, Sector 12A, Gurgao Gurugram Near Singha



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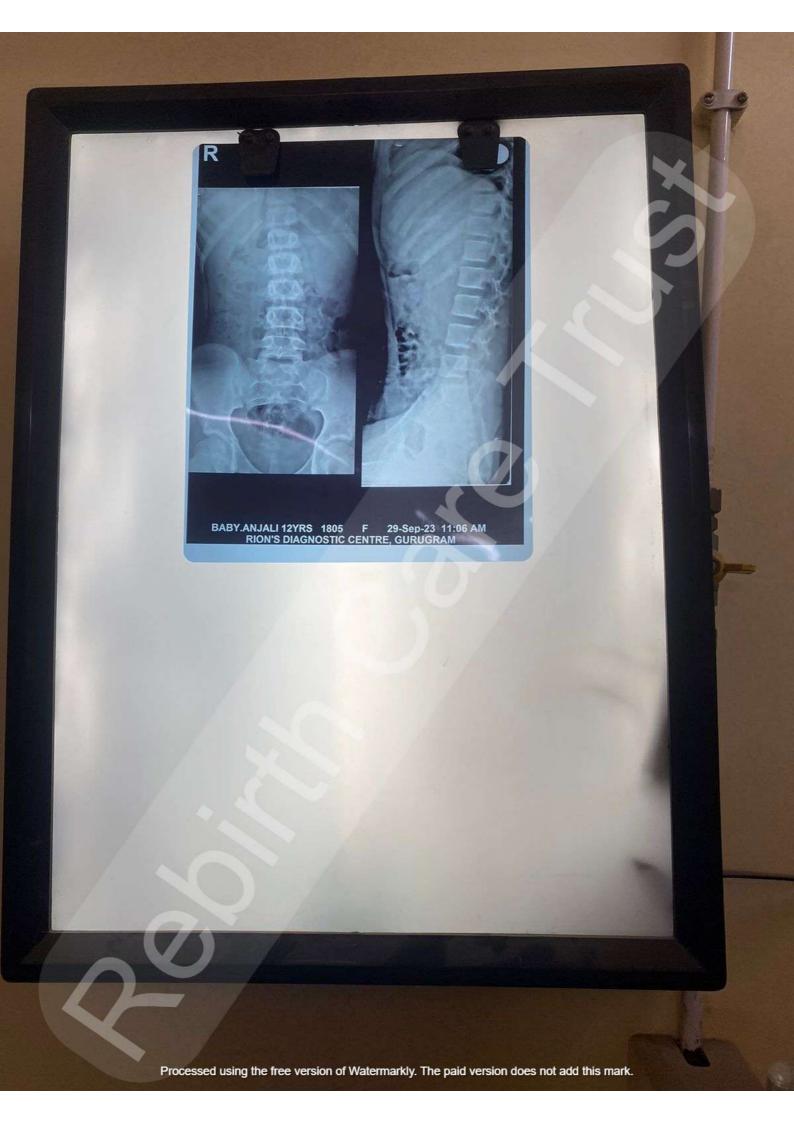
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12 ym old female Angali Dlo mr. Sandosh is admitted in this hospitus (S/4/10 a. Perala. Oflank, conty c' mo posed stop Actident. TE concilciented, che Micheau, cons-MAD, cos- SISZE, BID 30/1 MJB Tend (P) typo chondi nyi outride D'Hour Renad Repar and Relvis - Suspricions for Pt Neval Tyry - Grade E/I. Tuternal Echoes Seen in crimy bladdlet! hematunia - It required at upography.

> 8810210176, 0124-4232320 🖾 shivahospital01@gamil.com www.shivahospital.net

Not Valid for Medico Layai Purpose







NARAYAN ULTRASOUND & DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

Patient's Name	Ms. Anjali	Age & Sex	12Y/F
Referred By	Kutumb Hospital	Date	29-Sep-23

U.S.G. OF ABDOMEN & PELVIS

LIVER: Normal in size, shape & echogenicity. Intra Hepatic Biliary radicals are not dilated. No evidence of focal or diffuse mass lesion. IVC & Portal vein are normal. Right hemi diaphragm shows normal excursion.

GALL BLADDER: Physiologically dilated. No evidence of stone. There is no mass, wall thickening or pericholecystic collection seen. CBD measures normal.

PANCREAS: Only head & body seen and is normal in size, shape & echotexture. Rest obscured by gas shadowing.

SPLEEN: Normal in size, shape & echo-texture. No evidence of focal or diffuse lesion.

RIGHT KIDNEY: Normal in size, shape and position. Cortico medullary differentiation maintained. Cortical thickness and echogenicity are normal. Pelvi-calyceal system is not dilated. No evidence of stone.

There is a subcapsular anechoic fluid collection associated with increased echogenicity (6.6 x 4.2 cm) of upper and mid pole of right kidney - likely subcapsular haematoma with contusion/laceration injury.

Surrounding fat stranding is noted. Dopper study reveals maintained vasculature of right kidney.

LEFT KIDNEY: Normal in size, shape and position. Cortico medullary differentiation maintained. Cortical thickness & echogenicity are normal. Pelvi-calyceal system is not dilated. No evidence of stone.

<u>URINARY BLADDER:</u> UB is filled with internal echoes. No evidence of mucosal thickening & intra vesical calculus.

No adnexal mass is seen. Mild free fluid is seen in pelvis..

OPINION: U.S.G. findings are suggestive of: -

- > Free fluid seen right peri renal region and pelvis suspicious for right renal injury Grade I/II. Advise CECT abdomen for detailed evaluation.
- > Internal echoes seen in urinary bladder ? hematuria. Advice Urine R/M

Please correlate clinically and with relevant investigations

MD, DNB (Radio-Diagnosis)

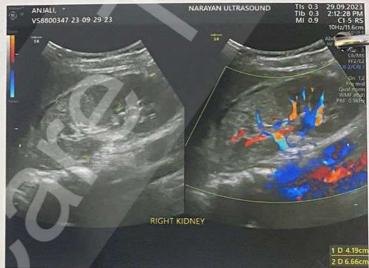
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patient Name: MISS. ANJALI

Lab No: 1378

Referred By: SHIVA HOSPITAL

Patient Location: GURGAON

Age: 12 Yrs Sex: F

Sample: BLOOD

Investigation Date: 29-09-2023

Reporting Date: 30-09-2023

Test Result Units Ref. Range

Kidney Function Test

Urea		non rest	
Creatinine	19.5	mg/dl	13 - 40
Uric Acid	0.73	mg/dl	0.6 - 1.2
Sodium	4.5	mg/dl	2.5- 6.8
Potassium	137.5	mmol/L	(134-145)
Chloride	4.02	mmol/L	(3.6-5.2)
INTERPRETETION	104.0	mmol/L	(98-106)

INTERPRETETION----

Urea is the end product of product of protein metabolism. It reflects on functioning of the body. Creatinine is the end product of creatine metabolism. It is a measure of renal function and elevated levels are observed in patients typically with 50% or greater impairment of renal function. Sodium is critical in maintaining water & osmotic equilibrium in

fluids. Disturbances in acid base and water balance are typically reflected in the sodium concentrations. Potassium is

essential element involved in critical cell functions. Potassium levels are influenced by electrolyte intake ,excretion and other means of elimination ,exercise ,hydration and medications. Calcium imbalance my cause a spectrum of disease.

High concentrations are seen in Hyperparathyroidism, Malignancy & Sarcoidosis. Low levels may be due to protein deficiency renal insufficiency and Hyperparathyroidism. Repeat measurement is recommended if the values are outside

the reference range.

Test Method: Clinical Biochemistry

Sr. Lab. Technician

Sourad

DR. SARITA PRASAD MBBS, DNB Pathology Sr. Consultant (HMC.9669)







Patient Name: MISS. ANJALI

Lab No: 1378

Referred By: SHIVA HOSPITAL

Patient Location: GURGAON

Age: 12 Yrs Sex: F

Sample: BLOOD

Investigation Date: 29-09-2023

Reporting Date: 30-09-2023

Test Result Units Ref. Range

Liver Function Test (LFT)

Total Protein	7.2	g/dl	6.4 - 8.3
Albumin	4.0	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
Globulin	3.2	g/dl	2.3 - 3.5
A.G. ratio	1.25		0.7 - 1.4
Bilirubin (Total)	0.86	mg/dl	0.10 - 1.20
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.27	mg/dl	0.0 - 0.40
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.59	mg/dl	0.0 - 0.70
Aspartate Transaminase (SGOT)	129.1	IU/L	5.0 - 40.0
Alanine Transaminase (SGPT)	93.4	IU/L	0.0 - 45.0
Alkaline Phosphatase	201.0	IU/L	39.0-134.0

Comment:

Liver function test is used to detect, evaluate, and monitor liver disease or damage. This includes several tests which are associated with functionality and cellular integrity.

These tests can be used to detect the presence of liver disease, differentiate between acute viral hepatitis and various cholestatic disorders and chronic liver disease. (CLD)., gauge the extent of known liver damage, and follow the response to treatment.

Increased or decreased levels of any one or more parameters may be associated with liver diseases.

Test Method: Clinical Biochemistry

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Lab No: 1378

Referred By: SHIVA HOSPITAL

Patient Location: GURGAON

Age: 12 Yrs Sex: F

Sample: BLOOD

Investigation Date: 29-09-2023

Reporting Date: 30-09-2023

Test	Result Units		Ref. Range	
CBC:	A Second Control	1		
Haemoglobin	11.9	gm/dl	(11.0-15.0)	
Packed Cell, Volume	32.2	%	(35-45)	
Total Leukocyte Count (TLC)	14700	/cumm	(4000-11000)	
RBC Count	3.26	Millions/cmm	(3.8-4.8)	
MCV	98.7	/ fL/	(80-100)	
MCH	36.5	picogram	(27-32)	
MCHC	36.9	gm/dl	(31.5-34.5)	
Platelet Count	1.80	Lakh/cmm	(1.50-4.50)	
RDW	17.4	FL	(11.0-15.0)	
Differential Leukocyte Count:				
	85.0	%	(40.00-70.00)	
Neutrophils	10.0	%	(20.00-45.00)	
Lymphocytes	03.0	%	(2.00-10.00)	
Monocytes	02.0	0/0	(1.00-6.00)	
Eosinophils		%	(<2.00)	
Basophils	0.0	/0		

BIOCHEMISTRY

Blood Sugar Random

81

mg/dl

(80 - 140)

Sr. Lab. Technician

DR. SARITA PRASAD MBBS, DNB Pathology Sr. Consultant (HMC.9669)

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